U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALLA WALLA DISTRICT FISH FACILITIES WEEKLY REPORT #38-2013

Project: McNary

Biologists: Carl Dugger and Bobby Johnson

Dates: November 15 - 21, 2013

Turbine Operation

McNary had 8 to 9 units available for power generation this week. On November 1, the soft one percent constraint began. Units ran outside the criterion from November 17 to 19 and on November 21. Unit outages are recorded in Table 1.

Table 1. Unit Outages at McNary Dam.

Units	Outage Dates	Outage Length	Reason
4	Jun 24 – Jan 30, 2014	About seven months.	Rewind contract.
11	Jun 28 – Jan 30, 2014	About seven months.	Rewind contract.
3	Jun 4 – Feb 4, 2014	About eight months.	Turbine thrust bearing issue.
10	Oct 30 – Nov 27	About 28 days.	Turbine guide bearing issue.
14	Nov 12 – 22	About ten days.	Annual maintenance.
12	Nov 17 – 18	13 hours.	Fly ball bearing issue.
1	Nov 18 – 19	33 hours.	Thrust bearing HX failure.
2	Nov 19	29 minutes.	ESBS camera inspections.
13	Nov 19 – 22	About three days.	Bus outage for maintenance.

Adult Fish Passage Facilities

On November 15, 16 and 20, the McNary fisheries biologists performed measured inspections of the adult fishways.

<u>Fish Ladder Exits</u>: Both ladder exits met all Fish Passage Plan criteria during the inspections. At the Oregon exit, due to encoder issues, weir 340 remains in manual operating mode. Our differential monitoring of the traveling screens revealed no problems. One traveling screen alarm occurred this week, which the operators reset without incident.

<u>Fishway Entrances and Collection Channel</u>: At the Washington ladder entrance, all inspection points were in criteria. W2 is operating well with the digital encoder. The LED remains unplugged. W3 is still occasionally experiencing calibration drifts. At the Oregon ladder entrances, all points were in criteria. Oregon ladder collection channel surface velocities averaged 1.3 feet per second.

<u>Auxiliary Water Supply System</u>: The Wasco county PUD in the Washington ladder had one interruption in service. From November 19 at 0700 hours to November 22 at 0900 hours, the system was in bypass in support of PUD electrical bus maintenance mentioned in Table 1. For the Oregon ladder, available fish pumps had no interruptions in service, operating with blade angles of 30 degrees. Fish pump 2 remains out of service for major overhaul which will require a contract. Preparations are now in progress for this work. The juvenile facility continues to supply the usual 450 cfs to the north powerhouse pool.

Juvenile Fish Passage Facility

The juvenile system remains in primary bypass for the fall season. The facility also remains watered up to avoid freeze breakage. Light maintenance continues. The fisheries staff continues to monitor the juvenile collection channel around the clock.

<u>Forebay Debris/Gatewell Debris/Oil</u>: For the week, forebay debris along the powerhouse was light consisting mainly of woody material. Changes in wind, weather and project operations continue to redistribute the debris. Trash rack differential measurements revealed no problems and no racks were cleaned. We noted no problems in the gatewell slots.

<u>ESBSs/VBSs</u>: ESBSs are deployed in all units except at unit 11. The screens stored at unit 11 will be used as spares. The ESBSs in slots 2A, 3A, 7B, 8C, 10C and 13A remain in timer mode. On November 19, camera inspections in units 2 and 14 revealed no problems. Unit 14 was already out of service. This week, the fisheries staff altered the support truck canopy for easier access to the camera.

VBS differential monitoring revealed 7 screens out of criteria. These readings were read with the units running at 75 to 77 megawatts. On November 18, 19 and 21, project personnel cleaned these screens and 2 others as a precautionary measure. We saw no ESA listed species or lamprey during the cleanings.

Since units 3 and 11 are out of service, slot 3C and slots associated with unit 11 are being used to cycle in rehabilitated VBSs. The replacement of the VBS in slot 6B has been again delayed to next week. On November 21, the project installed a rehabilitated VBS in slot 11A slot. This screen will replace the VBS in slot 6B slot next week.

<u>Orifices, Collection Channel, Dewatering Structure, and Bypass Pipe</u>: For the week, we had 42 orifices opened with one problem to report. On November 18, the technician on duty removed an orifice blockage at 2B slot by repeatedly cycling the orifice. No harm to fish was noted. The next day, during the ESBS camera inspection, the biologist noted several pieces of woody debris in the slot. Later that day, the general maintenance crew removed the debris while cleaning the VBS.

All systems operated well in automatic mode. The fisheries staff continued to monitor the collection channel 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, especially during VBS cleaning operations. We also tightened a section of walkway grating.

<u>Transportation Facility</u>: Since we are in the fall primary bypass season, we have removed all systems from service. PIT tag detection occurs only in the full flow pipe. Light maintenance continues and the facility remains watered to avoid freeze breakage.

Late this week, northeast winds and later freezing temperatures arrived making working conditions difficult. On November 21, the winter drain for the A side flush line froze and ruptured. We turned the main flush line valve off. However, due to leakage, this drain will have to be repaired in the winter. We will continue to monitor the facility during the cold weather.

<u>Transport Summary</u>: Transport did not occur at McNary this year. After regional discussion, transport will no longer occur at McNary in the future.

River Conditions

River conditions during the week are outlined in Table 2 as provide by the COE. Our data day runs from 0000 to 2400 hours.

Table 2. River conditions at McNary Dam.

Daily Average		Daily Average		Water Temperature		Water Clarity	
River Flow (kcfs)		Spill (kcfs)		(°F)		(Secchi disk - feet)	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
122.6	102.2	0.0	0.0	53	52	6.0	6.0

Other

<u>Inline Cooling Water Strainers</u>: The next cooling water strainer examinations will occur in early December.

Invasive Species: The next zebra mussel station examination will occur in late November.

<u>Avian Activity</u>: On September 30, bird counts concluded. While doing other inspections, we did casual bird observations. In the forebay area, we observed small groups of grebes or gulls and an occasional blue heron. Gulls also roosted on the rocks by the Washington boat dock.

In the tailwater area, we noted gulls, cormorants and occasionally a kingfisher. Most of the feeding birds were in powerhouse area. The roosting birds were on the navigation lock wing wall. Bird numbers maybe fluctuating with their seasonal movements and juvenile shad out migration.

We observed an occasional gull or cormorant by the bypass outfall.

The hazing sprinkler system remains out of service. A new system will be installed this winter with the full flow bypass clean up contract. The 3 gull distress calls remain deployed.

Research: The adult steelhead survival study may occur next spring.

Project: Ice HarborBiologist: Mark Plummer
Dates: November 15 - 21, 2013

Turbine Operation

Main turbine units 2, 3, and 5 were available for operation. Turbine unit 1 remains out of service for annual maintenance. Turbine unit 4 remains out of service for governor installation. Turbine unit 6 remained out of service for blade repair. STS and cooling water strainer inspections were performed November 18 and 19. Main turbine units were out of service for short periods during the inspections.

Adult Fish Passage Facilities

Fish facility personnel inspected the adult fish ways November 19, 20, and 21.

<u>Fish Ladders</u>: The north and south shore adult fish ladder inspection areas (picketed leads, head differentials, fish way exits, and depth over weirs) were within criteria.

Adult Fishway Performance: Fish way entrance criterion is 8 feet depth, greater than 8 feet depth, or on sill. All fish way entrances were within criteria. All channel/tail water differentials were in criteria. Channel/tail water differential criteria are 1-2 feet.

<u>Auxiliary Water Supply System</u>: Two of the 3 north shore fish pumps were operated without problems. Six of 8 south fish pumps were operated without problems. All are available for operation.

Juvenile Fish Passage Facility

<u>Forebay Debris/Gate well Debris/Oil</u>: Fish ladder exits are clear of debris and the bubblers are operating satisfactorily.

<u>STSs/VBSs</u>: STSs are in cycle run mode operation. The STS/VBS inspection were performed November 18 and 19. No problems to report.

<u>Orifices, Collection Channel, Dewatering Structure, and Bypass Pipe</u>: The juvenile bypass is watered up with 20 open orifices.

Juvenile Bypass Facility: No problems to report.

Fish Sampling: The first sample took place April 8 and the last sample was performed July 15.

<u>Removable Spillway Weir</u>: The RSW is not in operation. Spill for fish began April 3, 2013 and ended August 31 at 2359 hours.

River Conditions

River conditions during the week are outlined in Table 1.

Table 1. River conditions at Ice Harbor Dam.

Daily Average		Daily Average		Water Temperature*		Water Clarity	
River Flow (kcfs)		Spill (kcfs)		(°F)		(Secchi disk - feet)	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
23.7	16.0	0.0	0.0	54	51	8.0	8.0

^{*}Unit 1 scrollcase temperature.

Other

Inline Cooling Water Strainers: Cooling water strainers in units 1-5 were inspected on November 18. Unit 6 was not inspected as it remains out of service. No lamprey were seen or recovered during these inspections.

<u>Invasive Species</u>: No new invasive species were detected this week.

<u>Avian Activity</u>: The fish facility is conducting bird observations when possible. Observable predation has decreased as juvenile fish numbers decline.

<u>Research</u>: No onsite research is in progress at this time.

Project: Lower Monumental

Biologists: Bill Spurgeon and Elizabeth Holdren

Dates: November 15 - 21, 2013

Turbine Operation

The units are being operated in soft constraint of the 1% operation criteria. Unit 5 was removed from service at 1300 hours on October 29 for annual maintenance. Unit 3 was forced out of service at 1733 hours on November 20 due to an oil leak at the north wicket gate servo actuators.

Adult Fish Passage Facility

The adult fishway was inspected by Corps biologists on November 18, 19, 20, and 21.

<u>Fish Ladders</u>: Fishway exit head differentials and depths over the weirs were within criteria (≤ 0.5 ' and 1.0'-1.3', respectively) on all inspections. Picketed lead head differentials were in criteria (≤ 0.4 ' and ≤ 0.3 ' for north and south shore fishways, respectively) on all inspections. North shore picketed leads were raised on November 14.

<u>Fishway Entrances and Collection Channel</u>: NSE1 and NSE2 weir gates were in depth criteria (criteria: ≥ 8 ' or on sill) on all inspections. North shore channel/tailwater head was in criteria (1'-2') on all inspections.

SPE1 and SPE2 weir gates were in sill criteria (criteria: ≥ 8 ' or on sill) on all inspections. While on sill the gate depth readings were 7.0', 7.5', 7.0' and 6.6 feet. South powerhouse channel/tailwater head was in criteria (1'-2') on all inspections.

SSE1 weir gate was in depth or sill criteria (criteria: ≥ 8 ' or on sill) on all inspections. While on sill the gate depth readings were 7.9', 7.6', and 7.7 feet. SSE 2 was in criteria (6' above sill) on all inspections. South shore channel/tailwater head was in criteria (1'-2') on all inspections.

<u>Auxiliary Water Supply System</u>: AWS pumps 1 and 3 were operated throughout this period. Two pump operations will continue until bearing repair and shaft alignment work is completed on pump 2 in late November.

Juvenile Fish Passage Facility

<u>Forebay Debris/Gatewell Debris/Oil:</u> There was an average of 5.5 square yards of forebay debris observed during this period. Gatewell debris ranged from 0-10% surface coverage. No oil was observed in gatewells.

STSs/VBSs: STSs are operating in cycle run mode.

<u>Orifices, Collection Channel, Dewatering Structure, Flume</u>: The collection channel is operating with 18 orifices open.

<u>Collection Facility</u>: The facility is in winter maintenance mode.

<u>Transport Summary</u>: Transport is not occurring at this time.

River Conditions

River conditions during the week are outlined in Table 1.

Table 1. River conditions at Lower Monumental Dam.

Daily Average		Daily Average		Water Temperature		Water Clarity	
River Flow (kcfs)		Spill (kcfs)		(°F)*		(Secchi disk - feet)	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
23.2	16.9	0.0	0.0	49.0	48.0	4.6	4.4

^{*}Scrollcase temperatures.

Other

Spill for fish passage ended at 0000 hours on September 1.

<u>Inline Cooling Water Strainers</u>: Cooling water strainers were inspected on November 5. No live lamprey was recovered. Mortalities included about 220 juvenile shad and 19 Siberian prawns.

Invasive Species: No zebra mussels were observed at the monitoring stations on November 4.

Avian Activity: Bird hazing has ceased for the season.

Research: No onsite research is in progress at this time.

Project: Little Goose

Biologists: George Melanson Dates: November 15 - 21, 2013

Turbine Operation

Turbine units 2 through 6 were available for most of this report period. Turbine unit 1 was returned to service upon completion of exciter replacement on November 20 at 1540 hours. Turbine unit 2 was removed from service on November 21 from 0703 to 1511 hours to repair CO2 alarms and the 300 - relay. Turbine units were operated within the 1% criteria.

Adult Fish Passage Facility

USACE and ODFW fisheries biologists performed measured inspections of the adult fishway on November 18, 19 and 21.

<u>Fish Ladder</u>: The ladder exit head differentials held steady at 0.1 feet (criteria \leq 0.5 ft.). Water depths over the weirs ranged between 1.1 and 1.2 feet (criteria 1.0-1.3 ft.) and picketed lead head differentials remained steady at 0 feet (criteria \leq 0.3 ft.). No debris was observed at the picketed leads or the ladder exit. The air bubbler used to prevent debris from collecting near the ladder exit operated satisfactorily.

Fishway Entrances and Collection Channel: Channel to tailwater head differentials ranged between 1.5 and 1.9 feet (criteria 1.3 to 2.0 ft.). SSE weir depths held relatively steady at 8.3 feet (criteria \geq 8.0 ft). NPE weirs ranged between 6.8 and 7.1 feet (criteria \geq 7.0 ft or on sill). NSE weirs are at fixed elevations of 532.0 feet and depths ranged between 6.7 and 7.0 feet (criteria \geq 6.0 ft.). Collection channel surface water velocities ranged between 1.9 and 2.2 (criteria \geq 1.5 fps). Collection channel subsurface water velocity was measured on November 13, using the hydrologic current meter. The velocity averaged 2.8 fps with 3 fish pumps operating and all weirs in open positions.

<u>Auxiliary Water Supply System</u>: All fish pumps operated within criteria ranging between 72 and 75 rpm.

Juvenile Fish Passage Facility

<u>Forebay Debris/Gatewell Debris/Oil</u>: An estimated 1000 square feet of woody surface debris was observed inside the trash-shear boom. Gatewells for the most part, remained clear of debris.

<u>Spillway Weir</u>: The spillway weir was removed from service on August 1. Spill for summer fish season ended on September 1.

<u>ESBS/VBS</u>: All ESBS operated within criteria this report period. ESBS screens were tested for proper operation on October 16. All ESBS operated as designed.

<u>Orifices, Collection Channel, Dewatering Structure, and Flume</u>: The juvenile collection system was operated throughout this period with 18 open orifices.

<u>Transportation Facility</u>: Facility was switched to primary by-pass on October 31 at 0700 hours. All fish are routed to the tailrace mid-channel area. Seasonal maintenance work at the facility is in progress.

<u>Transport Summary</u>: Fish transport ended on October 31.

River Conditions

River conditions during the week are outlined in Table 1.

Table 1. River conditions at Little Goose Dam.

Daily Average		Daily Average		Water Temperature*		Water Clarity	
River Flow (kcfs)		Spill (kcfs)		(°F)		(Secchi disk - feet)	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
22.1	16.5	0	0	49.4	48.0	6.0+	6.0+

^{*}Ladder temperature.

Other

<u>Inline Cooling Water Strainers</u>: Cooling water strainers on all units were checked on November 14. No fish were found.

<u>Invasive Species:</u> The zebra mussel substrate monitor was last inspected on November 21; no mussels were observed. The next inspection is scheduled for December 20.

Avian Activity: A maximum of 42 gulls and 13 cormorants were counted during bird surveys.

<u>Research</u>: University of Idaho is performing Adult Salmon Passage Studies using radio telemetry.

Project: Lower Granite

Biologists: Mike Halter and Ches Brooks

Dates: November 15 - 21, 2013

Turbine Operation

Lower Granite had turbine units 1, 3, 4 and 5 available for power generation at the beginning of the report period. Turbine unit 6 remained out of service for cavitation repair, followed by annual maintenance. The expected return to service date is January 5, 2014. Turbine unit 2 remained out of service for a 6 year overhaul. The planned return to service date is December 16, 2013.

Adult Fish Passage Facility

On November 18, 19 and 20 COE fish biologists conducted inspections of the adult fishway system.

Fish Ladder: All criteria were met.

<u>Fishway Entrances and Collection Channel</u>: Head differential readings remained within criteria at the south shore and north powerhouse fishway entrances during the weekly inspections. Head differential readings at the north shore entrances were slightly below criteria on all 3 inspections with a reading of 0.5 - 0.7 feet (criterion 1.0 - 2.0 feet).

Weir depths at the south shore and north powerhouse fishway entrances were within criteria on all 3 inspections this week. Weir depths at the north shore entrances ranged from 4.9 to 6.8 feet (criterion ≥ 7.0 feet). Only north shore entrance 1 can adjust its depth relative to the tailwater elevation. North shore entrance 2 is manually set at a compromise depth of 630.0 feet. Normally weir depth readings at the north shore entrances are sacrificed in attempt to maintain the requisite 1.0 foot of head differential.

Velocity readings in the adult fishway collection channel transition pool area ranged from 0.91 to 1.09 feet per second and averaged 1.02 feet per second.

<u>Auxiliary Water Supply System</u>: Fish pumps 1 and 3 were run during the week. On October 31, fish pump 1's speed was changed from slow to fast which helped head differential readings at the fishway entrances. Fish pump 2 is in standby.

Juvenile Fish Passage Facility

Juvenile fish collection and transportation operations ended at 0700 hours on October 31. The system was switched to secondary bypass (all juvenile fish routed out the pipe to mid-river release) this provides continued PIT-tag interrogation and weather permitting, will continue until December 15.

<u>Forebay Debris/Gatewell Debris/Oil</u>: The amount of forebay debris varied during the week due to wind strength and direction; none was removed.

ESBSs/VBSs: The next VBS/ESBS inspections are planned for late November.

<u>Orifices, Collection Channel, Dewatering Structure, Bypass Pipe</u>: Orifices are being backflushed every 3 hours around the clock in an attempt to keep them free of materials that might impact fish passage. Debris levels were relatively light this week.

<u>Transportation Facility</u>: The JFF operated smoothly during the week. There were no operational problems of any kind. The separator remains watered up to bypass fallback adult salmonids and enumerate PIT-tagged juvenile fish (Lower Granite does not have PIT-tagged detection on a bypass pipe and the separator has to remain operational to track PIT-tags). Separator personnel also continued to monitor adult fallback salmonids for condition factors. Due to the continued presence of jack Chinook in the juvenile bypass system, the facility has continued to employ a smaller gap series of separator bars to keep smaller jack Chinook from falling through the separator bars and allow for enumeration. These bars have proven quite effective.

<u>Transport Summary</u>: Nothing to report. Fish trucking operations concluded on October 31 and the semi tractor has been returned to the McNary Project.

<u>Removable Spillway Weir</u>: The RSW was operated in support of general spill operations during the season. Mandatory spill operations in support of fish passage ended on September 1.

River Conditions

River conditions during the week are outlined in Table 1.

Table 1: River conditions at Lower Granite Dam.

Daily Average		Daily Average		Water Temperature*		Water Clarity	
River Flow (kcfs)		Spill (kcfs)		(F^{o})		(Secchi disk - feet)	
High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
22.4	16.8	0.0	0.0	49.9	49.6	5.0	5.0

^{*}Scrollcase temperature.

Other

Visual enumeration in the adult fish ladder counting room between the hours of 0400 and 2000 began on April 1 and concluded on October 31. Video counts during the same hours began on November 1 and will continue through December 31.

<u>Inline Cooling Water Strainers</u>: Cooling water strainers were last inspected for lamprey entrainment on October 21. No lamprey were found in the strainers over a combined run time of 1,005 unit hours. The next cooling water strainer inspections are scheduled for late November.

<u>Invasive Species</u>: The zebra mussel substrate near the adult fishway exit was last examined for zebra mussels on November 1. No evidence of zebra mussels was found. The next inspection will take place in early December.

<u>Avian Activity</u>: Formal bird counts and hazing started on April 1. Avian hazing activities concluded for the season on June 30. The project continues to make daily counts of avian predators from the separator platform.

Adult Fish Trap Operations: Adult fish trap operations continued with a sample rate of 20%. Scale samples will be taken from 1 out of every 10 hatchery steelhead. All wild steelhead captured will be PIT-tagged and scale and genetic samples taken. Any previously PIT-tagged steelhead (either hatchery or wild) will have both scale and genetic samples taken for verification purposes.

IDFG is radio tagging adult 'B' run wild and hatchery steelhead to examine the difference in movement, staging and if the fish are straying from predicted/natural areas.

WDFW is radio tagging fall Chinook that were PIT-tagged as juveniles by Tiffani Marsh over the last 4 years.

The Nez Perce are conducting a study to monitor the effectiveness of adult 'B' run steelhead hatchery (supplementation) in the Clearwater sub-basin. Utilizing sort-by-code; fifty each of known South Fork Clearwater adults – comprised of: Clearwater natural, supplementation and conventional steelhead will be radio tagged. The two main goals of this study are: 1. Compare the relative performance of these three groups. 2. Determine spatial overlap in the spawning distribution of these groups.

<u>Fall Chinook Transport:</u> Collection of adult fall Chinook for transport to Lyons Ferry Hatchery continued during the week. The Nez Perce Hatchery at Cherry Lane needs have been met and they are no longer trucking fish. Due to falling adult numbers trucking is now being conducted on an as needed basis. Trucking operations will continue into mid November (or until hatchery needs are met). Dewatering of the adult fish trap complex is scheduled for November 25.